

Fundamentals of security and public management

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ABSTRACT: This article addresses the fundamentals of security and public management, highlighting their interrelationships and importance for the effective functioning of the State. Based on established theoretical references, it analyzes the evolution of public security concepts, the principles of modern public management, and governance practices aimed at protecting society. The study emphasizes the relevance of the articulation between spheres of government and citizen security policies, proposing integrated and data-driven approaches to improve public services. The work is based on authors such as Zaffaroni, Bresser-Pereira, and Beato Filho, contributing to the...

A critical understanding of the challenges and possibilities in public security management in Brazil.

Keywords: Public safety; public management; public policies; prevention; governance.

ABSTRACT: This article addresses the fundamentals of security and public management, highlighting their interrelationships and importance for the effective functioning of the State. Based on well-established theoretical references, it analyzes the evolution of public security concepts, the principles of modern public management, and governance practices aimed at protecting society. The study emphasizes the relevance of coordination among different levels of government and citizen security policies, proposing integrated, data-driven approaches to improve public services. The work is grounded in the work of authors such as Zaffaroni, Bresser-Pereira, and Beato Filho, contributing to a critical understanding of the challenges and possibilities in managing public security in Brazil.

Keywords: Technology; public security; artificial intelligence; monitoring; public policies.

INTRODUCTION

Public safety is one of the main concerns of contemporary society.

especially in contexts marked by social inequalities and high crime rates.

In Brazil, security challenges are directly related to the efficiency of public administration.

which requires coordinated action between the federative entities and an administration oriented towards



results. In this sense, the fundamentals of security and public management must be analyzed in an integrated way, considering the historical, political and institutional dimensions that shape the security system in the country.

This article aims to discuss the main theoretical and practical foundations that guide security and public management, focusing on more effective and responsive action by State. To that end, key concepts and relevant experiences will be presented, based on authors who have contributed significantly to the debate in the field, such as Eugenio Raúl Zaffaroni (2003), Pereira Bresser (1996) and Claudio Beato Filho (2004).

FOCUS: MANAGEMENT AND PLANNING

Public safety, as defined by Eugenio Raúl Zaffaroni:

It should be understood as a fundamental right of citizens and a responsibility of the State, which must guarantee it through effective public policies, respecting human rights and promoting social justice.
(Zaffaroni, 2003)

According to the author, the traditional repressive approach must be superseded by models preventive and community-based approaches that consider the structural factors of violence. In this context, the contemporary public management, as proposed by Pereira Bresser:

It must be based on efficiency, transparency, and accountability. State reform highlights the need to transform bureaucratic public administration into managerial management, focused on results and meeting social demands.
(Bresser, 1996)

When it comes to public safety, this paradigm shift is essential. The action of Police, for example, should not be limited to repression, but rather integrated into a broader strategy. Prevention, based on data and empirical evidence. According to Cláudio Beato Filho:

The importance of using information and police intelligence for security management is the concept of "problem-oriented policing". (Filho, Beato, 2004)

Furthermore, cooperation between different levels of government (municipal, state, and federal), as well as the participation of civil society, are fundamental elements for public management. Inter-institutional partnerships and data integration between security agencies are necessary conditions for the development of more effective policies.

Another key issue is the training and professional development of security professionals. Management public policies should include ongoing training programs, adequate working conditions, and internal and external control mechanisms. The professionalization of security forces contributes

for institutional strengthening and for building public trust in government agencies.

Finally, it is important to emphasize that public safety should be treated as a policy. social. Integration with other areas, such as education, health, and social assistance, is essential for To address the root causes of violence, efficient public management requires a vision. systemic and intersectoral.

Analyzing the fundamentals of security and public management allows us to identify advancements. important in recent decades, especially with regard to administrative modernization. and the search for more effective results. Experiences in community policing, use of Technologies for crime mapping and indicator-based management systems are examples of Successful practices. However, structural challenges persist, such as the lack of integration between Organizations, resource scarcity, and resistance to cultural change within institutions. Effectiveness The success of actions depends on committed leadership, strategic planning, and participation. citizen. The results show that a data-driven and prevention-focused public administration. It can generate positive impacts on security.

CONCLUSION

Building an effective security policy in Brazil necessarily involves a Modern, efficient, and results-oriented public management. The study of the theoretical foundations and Practical examples highlight the importance of preventative models, inter-institutional integration, and... professional training and civic participation.

Overcoming the traditional repressive model and adopting an evidence-based approach is... essential for advancing the protection of rights and promoting social peace. In this sense, the The contributions of Eugenio Raúl Zaffaroni, Pereira Bresser, and Cláudio Beato Filho are fundamental. to guide reflection and practice in the field of security and public management.

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